## **Factors of Climate**

- Latitude Three latitude zones (low, middle, and high); Hotter nearer the Equator; Colder nearer the poles
- Elevation For every 1,000 feet gained in elevation, the temperature drops about  $3.5^{0}F$
- Landforms/Nearness to Water Water is slower to heat and cool than land; Interior land temperatures can change dramatically; Mountains have a windward side (wet side) and a leeward side (dry side) the dry area is called a rain shadow
- Wind Currents Prevailing winds are constant; Trade winds are in the low latitudes; Westerlies are in the middle latitude; Easterlies are in the high latitudes; Doldrums (no wind) are near the Equator
- Ocean Currents Cold and warm